1MT0013 系列粉尘防爆型三相异步电动机 1MT0013 Series Dust Explosion-proof Three-phase Asynchronous Motor

使用维护说明书 INSTRUCTIONS

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1安全信息

1.1 五条安全原则

开展作业时,为保障人身安全和避免财产损失,请始终遵守安全注意事项和下面符合 EN50110-1 "在无电压状态下工作"的五项安全规程。开始作业前请按照以下顺序实施五项安全规程。

- (1) 断电,包括断开辅助电路,例如防潮加热带等。
- (2) 确保不会意外通电。
- (3) 确认设备上已无电压。
- (4) 接地并短接。
- (5) 遮盖或隔离邻近的带电部件。

结束作业后按照相反的顺序取消上述措施。

1.2 合格人员

只允许由专业人员调试和操作设备。本文中涉及的专业人员必须满足以下前提条件:

- 必须接受过相关培训日具备相应经验,能够发现职责范围内的风险,避免发生危险。
- 必须是由负责人委任的相应人员来进行作业。

1.3 使用电气设备时的电磁场

电气设备可干扰电子设备。电气设备在运行中会产生电磁场。在电机附近逗留可能会使 医疗植入体,如心脏起搏器等,出现危及生命的故障。磁性或电子数据存储设备可能会 发生数据丢失。

- 禁止佩戴心脏起搏器的人员在电机附近逗留。
- 釆取适当措施,如设置标识、封锁工作区域、张贴安全须知和警示标志等,为在设备周围工作的人员提供充分的保护和提醒,防止其受到伤害。
- 请遵守所在地区的安全和劳保防护规定。
- 请不要让磁性或电子数据存储设备靠近电机。

本电机符合 GB755 (IEC/EN60034-1) 标准,在按照规定使用时满足关于电磁兼容性的要求。

1.4 在危险区域使用

在爆炸性环境中使用的电气设备必须由合格人员按照现行有效的规定进行安装、调试和操作。

说明

关于爆炸性环境中的电气设备及其运行的基本要求可查阅系列标准 GB3836。

设备使用者应咨询当地主管部门,评估现场环境条件和设备操作风险,以确定必要的监控措施,并将这些措施制定为规定。在任何条件下都必须遵守这些规定。由于现场条件各有不同,电机制造商无法提供普遍适用的建议。

说明

关于电气设备及爆炸性环境的评估方法,可查阅系列标准 GB3836。

如果电机获得了第三方认证,则表明电机符合其中所规定的技术数据和特殊条件,应在调试前查看证书。

使用防爆认证带"X"标记的防爆电机时,只能在遵守制造商设计说明的情况下才能维修该产品。

2 使用前的准备

2.1 应用范围

1MT0013 系列隔爆型三相异步电动机的设计和制造符合标准 GB/T 3836.1-2021《爆炸性环境-第 1部分:设备 通用要求》和 GB/T 3836.31-2021《爆炸性环境-第 31部分:由防粉尘点燃外 壳"t"保护的设备》。适用于粉尘爆炸性环境 21 和 22 区。

该系列电机符合 GB18613《中小型三相异步电动机能效限定值及能效等级》中规定的能效等级 3 级(IEC/EN60034-30 中的 IE3 能效等级)要求,具体规格电机的能耗指标参见电机上的铭牌。

电机工作环境条件为海拔不超过 1000 米,环境温度范围-20℃~+40℃。

2.2 冷却方式

电机标配冷却方式为自扇冷式,符合 GB1993 中的 IC411 冷却方式(IEC/EN60034-6)。

如果使用带有独立驱动风扇的电机,冷却方式 IC416,请对电路进行设计以防止在独立风扇未运行时接通并运行主电机。

2.3 安装结构形式

电机的安装结构形式符合 GB/T997《旋转电机结构型式、安装型式及接线盒位置的分类 (IM 代码)》(IEC/EN60034-7)。电机铭牌上表示出了其安装结构形式。

2.4 运输和保存

收货后立即检查货物是否与随附单证相一致。

- 立即向运输代理商报告任何明显的运输损坏。
- 如有明显缺失/不完整,应立即通知相应的西门子办事处。

注意

电机损坏

未按规定存放可能会损坏电机。

在极端气候条件下(如含盐和/或积尘、潮湿的环境),应采取适当的防护措施。

选择水平、稳固且干燥的存放位置。将电机、设备和包装箱放置在底架、大方木料或基座上,以防止地面湿气。防止电机陷入地下。防潮用的盖布或防雨布不得与所存放物品的表面接触。

应防止受极端天气的影响。存放位置应保持干燥、通风良好并且防尘、防冻、防撞、防止剧烈振动。

长期存放时(≥6个月),须对裸露的金属表面采取适当的防腐措施。

警告

密封材料损坏可能引发爆炸

在超出允许的环境温度下存放电机,可能导致密封材料因温度而损坏,导致密封失效。这可能让爆炸性气体和粉尘等异物进入电机,从而引发爆炸。这可能造成财产损失、重伤或死亡。

存放电机的环境条件:

允许的温度范围: -20℃~+50℃

允许的最大空气湿度: 60%

对于环境温度、湿度或海拔有特殊要求的电机,其存放条件需遵守其它要求。此时请参 考电机铭牌上对于环境条件的说明。

存放时间:

每年必须至少旋转电机轴 1 次,以避免振蚀。长期存放会降低轴承润滑脂的使用寿命。 对于密封型轴承,在存放超过两年后,电机使用前应更换前后轴承;对于配备了再润滑 装置的的电机,在存放超过两年后,应向前后轴承注入新的润滑脂。可再润滑型轴承的 润滑脂型号、加注油脂量和再润滑周期见电机铭牌。

3 安装

3.1 准备安装区域

电机安装的基础可以是金属底座,也可以是混凝土平台。基础应具有足够的强度与刚度来支撑电机。常用电机支承面的平面度要求如下:

机座号	平面度 (mm)
≤132	0.10
160	0.15
≥180	0.20

安装位置应避免长时间受强烈阳光直接照射、雨雪、冰雹的侵蚀。

对于轴伸向下竖直安装的电机,应避免异物落入风扇罩;对于轴伸向上竖直安装的的电机,应避免液体沿轴伸流入电机。

防爆电机只能在允许的环境中使用。

3.2 确保合理的冷却

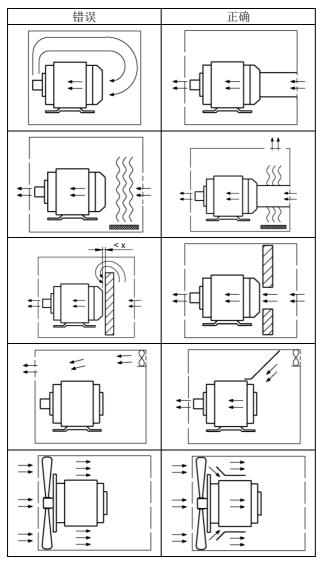
警告

电机过热

如果不注意以下几点,可能会造成财产损失、重伤或死亡。

- 切勿阻碍通风。
- 防止临近机组的废气被直接吸入。
- 对于风扇进气口朝上的竖直安装的电机,应防止异物和水从进气口进入。
- 对于轴伸端朝上的竖直安装的电机,应防止液体沿轴流入电机。

对于带有独立驱动风扇的电机,请对电路进行设计以防止在独立风扇未运行时接通电源并运行主电机。电机安装时风路的考虑见下表。



电机进风口与后方相邻障碍物的最小间距"X"尺寸见下表。

机座号	X (mm)
80~100	20
112	25
132	30
160	40
180~200	90
225~250	100
280~315	110
355	140

3.3 安装

对轴伸上传动件(联轴器、齿轮、皮带轮等)进行拆装时,应使用合适的工具,必要时进行热套操作。请勿使用锤子或类似工具敲击。电机轴伸上允许施加的径向载荷和轴向载荷不得超过样本上规定的最大值。

由于机械部件制造工差及累积误差的存在,电机底脚平面与安装基础的接触面之间可能存在间隙。安装时应用塞尺测量此间隙,对于≥0.05mm 的间隙,应插入合适的填隙片。填隙片尺寸根据实际间隙大小配做。

警告

电机掉落

如果不注意以下几点,可能会造成财产损失、重伤或死亡。

- 起吊前确保吊环都已拧紧。
- 起吊时必须使用电机上所有吊环。
- 务必使用合格的吊装索具讲行作业。

除非另行规定,通常需使用符合 GB/T3098.1(ISO898-1)中规定的强度等级至少为 8.8 的 紧固件,以安全固定电机。

电机与被驱动设备间所需对中精度主要取决于整个电机传动系统的配置。对中时务必遵 循联轴器制造商要求的对中精度。

电机转子是动平衡的。只能使用已钻好孔并校准过平衡的从动元件。只能使用合适的工具安装和拆卸从动元件。使用轴顶端的螺纹孔或用手推将从动元件一次性装入。不允许使用锤子敲打,否则会损坏轴承。从动件必须安装到位,在电机轴伸上必须紧靠轴肩。

警告

键可能抛出

如果不注意以下几点,可能会造成财产损失、重伤或死亡。

- 键仅在运输过程中被固定以防止脱落,如果电机在未安装从动元件时启动,则键可能会在运行期间被抛出。
- 请固定好无从动元件的轴伸上的键, 防止键被抛出。

3.4 电气连接

危险

危险电压

可能导致死亡、重伤或财产损失。

- 所有操作只能由合格的专业人员在静止的电机上进行。
- 断开电源并确保不会被意外接通,该要求同样针对辅助电路。
- 确认无电压!
- 在开始工作前进行可靠的保护线连接!
- 供电电网的电压、频率、波形等相对于额定值的偏差会导致温度升高,同时也会影响电磁兼容性。
- 通常情况下不允许运行未接地的电机。只在极少数情况下可短暂运行,例如排查故障时。

在接线盒上有用于安装葛兰的螺纹孔。螺纹孔尺寸和数量参考样本。电机出厂时这些螺纹孔由符合要求的闷盖密封。必须使用具有相应防爆区域(Zone 分区)和防爆等级认证的并带有相应标识的葛兰、转接头和堵头。

在接线盒内进行接线时,需确保电缆与接线螺栓连接可靠。接线螺栓推荐的拧紧力矩参 考下表。

接线螺栓	规格	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
拧紧力矩	最小	1	1.6	2.5	5	8	13	25	42
(Nm)	最大	1.2	2	3	6	10	15.5	30	52

关于电机机壳外接地螺栓和接线盒内接地螺栓规格, 请参见下表。

机座号	80-180	200	225-280	315	355
机壳外部接地螺栓规格	M6	M6	M8	M10	M8
接线盒内接地螺栓规格	M5	M6	M6	M10	M10

若电机选配了温度传感器、防潮加热带等选件,其辅助电路的连接参考下面接线端子标识的说明。

电机绕组温度保护:

一组 串联	三芯 PTC		4	组三芯 三个单支 六个单支 联 PTC 两线制 PT100 两线制 PT100																			
第 15	位为B	第	第 15 位为 C 第 15 位为 H 第 15 位为 J						第 15 位为 H														
2TP1	2TP2	1TP1	1TP2	2TP1	2TP2	1R1	1R2	2R1	2R2	3R1	3R2	1R1	1R2	2R1	2R2	3R1	3R2	4R1	4R2	5R1	5R2	6R1	6R2

电机轴承温度保护:

两个单支两线制 PT100								
选	选项代码 Q72							
10R1	10R2	11R1	11R2					

防潮加热带的接线端子编号为 1HE1 和 1HE2。

注:

1.电机绕组温度保护,PTC、PT100,建议报警温度设定为145℃,跳闸温度设定为155℃;

2.电机轴承温度保护、PT100,建议报警温度设定为95℃,跳闸温度设定为105℃。

电机出厂时接线盒上的进线孔已使用符合要求的闷盖密封,接线后未使用的进线孔应保持其密封状态。接线盒内的接地和机壳外部的接地点必须有效接地。

3.5 连接后的检查

在完成接线后应检查以下几点:

- 接线盒中的电气连接已按照前面的说明完成,并以正确的力矩拧紧。
- 非绝缘组件之间的电气间隙。
- 不能有遗留的线头。
- 电机按照需要的旋转方向进行接线。
- 接线盒内必须保持整洁,不能有多余的零件和杂物。
- 所有密封件和接合面不能有损伤, 且须保持干净。
- 接线盒中未使用的讲线孔密封完好。
- 所有接地点都已正确接地。

4启动

4.1 启动前的检查

在完成安装和连接后,在调试前请检查以下事项:

- 电机未受损。
- 电机按要求进行了安装和对中,被驱动组件已进行了正确的平衡和设置。
- 所有紧固件和电气连接件都已拧紧。
- 电机运行条件与技术文档中的规定一致,如爆炸环境类别、防护等级、环境温度等。
- 可移动部件,如联轴器等,可自由转动。
- 所有活动件和带电零件都进行了安全防护。

4.2 试运行

在安装电机后执行一次试运行:

- (1) 首先空载启动电机,检查电机旋转方向。
- (2) 空载正常时,给电机连接负载。
- (3) 在试运行期间检查并记录以下数据:
 - 检查运转时的噪声和振动情况。
 - 记录电压、电流和功率值。
 - 尽量使用可用的测量设备, 检查轴承和绕组的温度。
- (4) 如果电机运行不平稳或发出异响,应立即关闭电机,并在电机惯性停转过程中排 查故障原因:
 - 如果断开电源后噪声或振动明显改善,则说明是电磁方面的原因。

- 如果断开电源后没有改善,则说明是机械方面的原因。可能的原因包括电机或 负载设备不平衡,机组未充分对中,电机和系统发生共振。
- (5) 如果电机使用独立驱动风扇,则应在试运行时检查独立风扇的转向。

5运行和维护

5.1 运行中的安全提示

危险

危险电压

可能导致死亡、重伤或财产损失。

电气设备带有危险电压,如果接触设备表面、端子等部位,可能存在触电危险。

警告

运行期间的故障

运行过程中的异常状况表示电机可能出现了故障。这些故障可能导致财产损失、重伤 或死亡。请注意以下故障征兆:

- 异常高功率消耗
- 异常高温
- 异常噪声
- 异常振动
- 异常气味
- 监控装置发出的响应

注意

电机损坏或轴承寿命缩短

- 务必要遵守允许的振动值,避免不平稳的工作环境和冲击,以避免电机或轴承损坏。
- 务必要遵守样本上允许的轴向径向载荷。
- 使用变频器驱动时, 采取措施减小轴承电流。

注意

冷凝水引起的腐蚀危险

电机温度或环境温度的变化可能造成电机内部出现冷凝水。如果电机带有防潮加热 带,请确保在关闭电机后,防潮加热带被接通。

注意

电机过热

如果电机带有防潮加热带, 请确保在启动电机前, 防潮加热带停止工作。

5.2 运行

请尽可能在空载时启动电机并检查运转噪声。使用可用的测量设备,检查电机运行时的温度和振动。

注意

直连运行的电机出现过载

除了反作用力矩,启动时间还主要受转动惯量的影响。启动时,电机的电流会达到额定电流的数倍。这会导致电机过热,电机可能被损坏。因此启动时应注意以下几点:

- 请遵循产品样本或订货文档中涉及的极限值或启动条件。
- 监控每次启动时间以检查是否出现异常。

若电机有独立驱动风扇,在关闭电机后,请不要立即关闭独立风扇。请等待直至电机冷却后再关闭独立风扇。这可避免余热积聚。

若电机长时间停机(超过1个月),应每月运行一次,或至少转动转子一次。

若电机停机时间超过 12 个月,请采取适当的防腐蚀、包装及干燥措施,否则电机可能因环境影响而损坏。并在再次开机前执行第 5 章中的检查和试运行。

5.3 检查和维护

危险

静电可引发爆炸

可能导致死亡、重伤或财产损失。

清洁时, 塑料部件可能产生静电并引燃爆炸性介质, 这可能会导致爆炸。

- 确保不在爆炸性环境中讲行清洁。
- 清洁非金属部件时,避免静电积聚。
- 请勿使用压缩空气进行清洁。
- 电机在正常使用、维护和清洁时应避免由静电电荷引起点燃危险,在爆 炸性环境中清洁时应使用湿布擦拭。

在新电机运行约 500 小时或最晚一年后,请进行首次检查:

- 电机是否保持规定的电气特性。
- 轴承温度是否在允许范围内。
- 电机是否运行平稳,没有发出更大噪声。
- 电机安装基座是否出现裂缝和凹陷。

根据系统本身的特殊条件,可能还要完成其它的检查项目。

建议在电机运行 16000 小时或最晚两年后,进行例行检查:

- 电机是否保持规定的电气特性。
- 轴承温度是否在允许范围内。
- 电机是否运行平稳,没有发出更大噪声。
- 电机安装基座是否出现裂缝和凹陷。
- 电机的对中是否在允许的公差范围内。
- 所有机械和电气连接的紧固件都保持拧紧状态。
- 所有等电位连接、接地连接和屏蔽层的位置都正确并正常接触。
- 绕组的绝缘电阻足够大。
- 电缆、密封件、绝缘件的情况良好且没有变色现象。

电机按照样本上所规定的最大载荷值运转时,轴承寿命至少为 20000 小时。对于不受轴向径向载荷的电机,其轴承寿命至少为 40000 小时。请务必按照电机铭牌或技术文档中规定的润滑脂型号、加注油脂量和润滑周期对轴承进行润滑。加注润滑脂时应旋转电机轴以使润滑脂均匀分布。为避免添加过量润滑脂,在添加润滑脂前,应打开排油塞。添加完成后,应让电机运转一段时间,确定排油孔无润滑脂流出后再装上排油塞。

使用防爆认证带"X"标记的防爆电机时,只能在遵守制造商设计说明的情况下才能维修该产品。

未经西门子授权,禁止擅自改装电机,否则保修将无效。

6 废弃物处理

西门子一直将保护环境和节约资源视为企业的首要目标。 在全球范围内我们采用了符合 ISO 14001 的高标准环境管理措施,它符合目前的环保法律法规。 从开始设计产品时我们便十分注重设计的环境安全、技术安全和人身安全。

下面我们为您推荐如何以环保的方式处理电机及其组件的废弃物。 请遵循当地关于废弃物处理的规定。

当地法律法规



电机包含可循环或再利用的材料。正确地分割材料有助于方便地对重要材料进行再利用。

- 在废弃电机或者处理产品生命周期的各个阶段所产生的废弃物时,请遵守设备使用国适用的法律法规。
- 请联系您当地的机构获取有关废弃处理的详细信息。

6.1 RoHS - 特定危险材料的使用限制

根据 RoHS("Restriction of certain Hazardous Substances"),我们利用最新技术将环境有害材料更换为无害材料。 我们始终将电机运行和操作中的安全性放在首位。

6.2 REACH 法规第 33 条的规定

该产品的一个或多个组成物中含有高关注物质候选清单中的以下物质超过 0.1%:

• CAS 编号 7439-92-1, 铅

基于现有信息,在规范化使用的条件下,包括废弃处理,该物质不会产生风险。

6.3 拆卸的准备工作

必须由具备专业知识的合格人员拆卸电机或监管电机的拆卸。

- 1. 请联系您附近的废弃物专业处理公司, 告知对电机或组件拆卸质量的要求。 2. 遵守五项安全规程(页 12)。
- 3. 断开所有的电气连接并拆除所有电缆。
- 4. 清空所有的液体,如油、冷却液等。单独收集各种液体并进行专业处理。
- 5. 松开电机的固定装置。
- 6. 将电机搬运到适合拆卸的位置。

6.4 拆解电机

按照一般的机械装置拆解步骤拆解电机。



电机部件可能坠落

电机的零部件相当重。在拆解电机时这些部件可能会坠落。可能造成人员死亡、重伤或 是财产损失。

• 请固定好要拆解的电机部件,防止意外坠落。

6.5 处理组件的废弃物

组件

电机主要由钢制材料构成,部分是铜制和铝制材料。 金属材料通常是可循环利用的材料。根据以下类别对组件进行分类,以便循环利用:

钢铁

- 铝
- 有色金属,如绕组
 在回收铜时绕组绝缘层会被灰化。
- 绝缘材料
- 电线和电缆
- 电子废品

辅助材料和化学材料

废弃物处理时,按照以下类别区分辅助材料和化学材料:

- 油
- 油脂
- 清洁剂和溶剂
- 油漆残渣
- 防腐剂
- 冷却液添加剂如防蚀剂, 防锈剂或杀虫剂

请按照当地的规定处理分离出的组件或交给废弃物回收企业进行处理。 该要求也同样适用于清洗电机的抹布和清洁材料。

包装材料

- 如有需要,请联系废弃物回收企业。
- 海运的木材包装由经过浸渍的木材构成。 请遵照当地的相关规定。
- 密封包装的薄膜是铝复合膜。它可以加热再利用。 被污染的薄膜必须作为废弃物烧掉。

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1 Safety information

1.1 The five safety rules

For personal safety and to prevent damage, when carrying out any work, please always observe and obey safety instructions and the following five safety rules according to EN50110-1 "Working at voltage-free status". Apply the five safety rules in the sequence stated.

- (1) Disconnect the system, including auxiliary circuits, for example, anti-condensation heaters.
- (2) Make sure circuits not being re-connected coincidently.
- (3) Verify no voltage on equipment.
- (4) Connect grounding and short-circuit.
- (5) Cover or isolate adjacent live parts.

Energize the system by recover the measures in reverse order.

1.2 Qualified personnel

All work on the machine must only be carried out by qualified personnel. For the purpose of this document, qualified personnel mean people who fulfill following requirements:

- Through appropriate training and experience, be able to recognize and avoid risks and potential dangers in responsibility.
- Must be appointed by responsible person.

1.3 Electromagnetic fields when operating electric machines

Electronic devices may be interfered by electric machines. Electromagnetic fields will be generated during electric machines' operating. Potentially lethal malfunctions can occur on medical implants, e.g. pacemakers, in the surrounding area of electric machines. Data may be lost in magnetic or digital data carriers.

- It is forbidden for people with pacemakers to stay nearby the machine.
- Take proper measures to protect personnel working in the plant. For example, making signs, safety barriers, setting safety instructions and markings.
- Obey safety and labor protection laws and regulations.
- Do not put magnetic and digital data media near electric machines.

This motor fulfills standard GB755 (IEC/EN60034-1). When used as prescribed, it complies with electromagnetic compatibility requirements.

1.4 Operating in hazardous area

Electric machines in hazardous area must be installed, commissioned, and operated only by qualified personnel, and must follow valid regulations.

Note

Requirements of electric machines and operation in hazardous area can refer to standard GB3836.

Users shall consult with local supervisor departments for evaluating area conditions and equipment risks, and to define necessary monitoring and control methods. These methods shall be organized as regulations and must be obeyed at any condition. Because of the variability of local conditions, motor manufacturer cannot provide universally applicable advices.

Note

Assessment of electric machines and hazardous areas can refer to series standard GB3836.

For motors with third-party certifications, certified technical specifications and special conditions are fulfilled. Certification documents shall be observed.

For Ex motors with marking "X" in certification number, repairing can only be taken according to manufacturers' instructions.

2 Preparation before using

2.1 Application scope

1MT0013 series enclosure flameproof motor's designing and manufacturing fulfills standards GB/T3836.1-2021 "Explosive atmospheres - Part 1: Equipment - General requirement" and GB/T 3836.31-2021 "Explosive atmospheres - Part 31: Equipment dust ignition protection by enclosure "t"". It is applicable to work in dust explosive areas Zone 21 and Zone 22.

This series of motor fulfills energy level grade 3 of GB18613 "Minimum allowable values of energy efficiency and energy efficiency grades for small and medium three-phase asynchronous motors" (IE3 in IEC/EN60034-30). For energy efficiency of specific motor type, please refer to nameplate.

Motor's working condition is altitude within 1000m, ambient temperature -20°C~+40°C.

2.2 Cooling method

The standard cooling method is self-ventilation with fan according to IC411 in GB1993 (IEC/EN60034-6).

If use separately driven fan, cooling method code IC416, please design the circuit so as the motor cannot start-up when the separate fan is not running.

2.3 Mounting and construction type

Motor's mounting and construction type fulfills the standard GB/T997 "Rotating electrical machines - Classification of types of construction and mounting arrangements (IM Code)" (IEC/EN60034-7). It is stamped on motor's nameplate.

2.4 Delivery and storage

Check cargo's completeness immediately when receiving.

- Report any transportation damage to delivery agent immediately.
- Report any defect/missing to Siemens office immediately.

Note

Motor damage

Motor may be damaged if incorrectly stored.

Protection methods should be taken under critical climate conditions.

Storage place should be horizontal, stable, and dry. Put the motor on pallet, wood block, or foundation to prevent moisture. Avoid sinking into ground. Covers or tarpaulins used to protect against weather must not contact machine's surface.

Avoid influence from critical climate. Storage place should be dry, well-ventilated, and avoid dust, frozen, impact, or severe vibration.

When store for a long period (≥6 month), anti-corrosion methods must be taken to bare metal.

Warning

Explosion may occur if sealing material damaged

If motor is stored at exceeded temperature, sealing materials may be damaged due to temperature. Explosive gas and dust may leak into the motor and result to explosion. This may cause damage, serious injury, or death.

Conditions for storage:

Allowed ambient temperature: -20°C~+50°C

Allowed relative humidity: 60%

If the motor has special design for special ambient temperature, humidity, or altitude, its storage conditions may be different. In this case, please refer to the environment conditions on nameplate.

Period for storage:

Motor shaft shall be turned at least once a year to avoid brinelling. Long-term storage will shorten bearing grease lifetime. For the motor with closed-type bearings, after two years storage, bearings should be replaces before using; for the motor with open-type bearings, after two years storage, new grease should be added before using. Bearing grease type, re-greasing quantity, and intervals can refer to nameplate.

3 Installation

3.1 Preparing installation place

The motor can be installed on the foundation of metal or concrete base. The foundation should have sufficient stiffness and strength to support the motor. General flatness for motor installation foundation:

Frame size	Flatness (mm)
≤132	0.10
160	0.15
≥180	0.20

The motor installation location should avoid exposing to long-time direct sunlight, rain, snow and ice.

For the motor installed vertically with drive end downward, should take protection measures to prevent objects falling into fan; for the motor installed vertically with drive end upward, should prevent liquid flowing along the shaft.

Ex motors must only be used in allowed environment.

3.2 Ensure adequate cooling

Warning

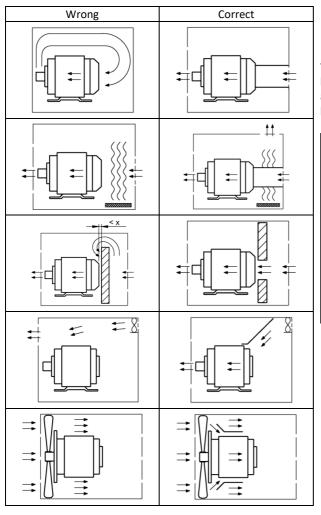
Motor overheating

Pay attention to following points, otherwise damage, serious injury, or death may occur.

- Do not block ventilation.
- Prevent the air expelled by nearby equipment from being immediately sucked in.

- For vertically installed machines with air entry upward, prevent foreign objects and water falling into openings.
- For vertically installed machines with shaft extension upward, prevent liquid from flowing into motor along the shaft

For motors equipped with separately driven fans, please design the power circuit so as the motor cannot start-up when the separately driven fan is not running. Considering the air flow, please refer to following table when installing motors.



The minimum distance "X" between motor fan cover and object behind is in table below.

Frame size	X (mm)
80~100	20
112	25
132	30
160	40
180~200	90
225~250	100
280~315	110
355	140

3.3 Installing

When assembling or dis-assembling transmission elements (like coupling, gear, or pulley), proper tools shall be used. Use heating assembly if necessary. Do not hit with hammers. The axial and radial loads applied on shaft extension must not exceed the maximum allowed values in catalogue.

Because of machining and assembly tolerances, there may be gap between motor feet and installation foundation. Please measure this gap, if it is over 0.05mm, please insert filling plates. The size of plates is determined according to the size of gap.

Warning

Motor falling

Damage, serious injury, or death may occur if motor falls.

- Check whether all eyebolts are tightened before lifting.
- Must use all eyebolts on the motor for lifting.
- Must use qualified hoisting tools and ropes for lifting.

If not specified, usually fasteners at least grade 8.8 according to GB/T3098.1 (ISO898-1) shall be used to fix and secure the motor.

The accuracy of alignment between motor and driven machine depends on the whole transmission system. The accuracy required by coupling manufacturer must be fulfilled.

Motor's rotor is dynamically balanced. Only finished machined and balanced driven element is allowed to use. Must use proper tools to assemble and dis-assemble the transmission element. The driven element should be assembled by using the thread hole on shaft end or by hand in one time. Do not use hammer, otherwise bearings may be damaged. Transmission element must be installed at the right position; it must be installed on shaft extension and closely contact with shaft shoulder.

Warning

Key throwing-out

Damage, serious injury, or death may occur if key thrown-out

- The key is only secured during transportation. If the motor start-up without transmission element, the key may be thrown out during rotating.
- Please take measures to fix and secure the key on motor shaft if driven element is not assembled. Thus to prevent the key from throwing out.

3.4 Electric connection

Danger

Dangerous voltage

Damage, serious injury, or death may occur.

- All connection can only be made by qualified professional personnel on static motor.
- Disconnect power source and make sure it cannot be re-connected coincidently, including auxiliary circuits.
- Verify no voltage on the motor!
- Make reliable protection connection before working!
- Deviations between actual values and rated voltage, frequency, and phase can result to temperature rising. Meanwhile influent electromagnetic compatibility.
- Normally it is forbidden to operate non-grounded motor. Only in very rarely situations
 can be operated for very short time, for example when doing fault checking.

Thread holes are provided on terminal box. The size and number of thread hole refer to catalogue. Standard motors are delivered with these thread holes sealed by qualified plugs. Only the gland, adapter, or plug with appropriate Ex certifications is allowed to use.

When connecting cables and terminals inside the terminal box, make sure the connection is tight and stable. Recommended tightening torque refers to following table.

Terminal bo	Terminal bolt size		M5	M6	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Torque	min.	1	1.6	2.5	5	8	13	25	42
(Nm)	max.	1.2	2	3	6	10	15.5	30	52

If the motor is equipped with accessories like temperature sensors or heaters, the connection of auxiliary circuits can refer to following terminal marking.

Motor winding temperature protection:

_	1 tri-wire PTC			wire	9	3 bi-wire single-lead PT100						6 bi		re s PT1	_	le-l	ead						
15 th di	15 th digit is B		15 th digit is C					15 th digit is H							15¹	h di	git	is J					
2TP1	2TP2	1TP1	1TP2	2TP1	2TP2	1R1	1R2	2R1	2R2	3R1	3R2	1R1	1R2	2R1	2R2	3R1	3R2	4R1	4R2	5R1	5R2	6R1	6R2

Please refer to following able for external earthing bolt size and terminal box earthing bolt size.

Frame size	80-180	200	225-280	315	355
External earthing bolt size	M6	M6	M8	M10	M8
Terminal box earthing bolt size	M5	M6	M6	M10	M10

Motor bearing temperature protection:

2 bi-wire single-lead PT100									
Op	Option code Q72								
10R1	10R1 10R2 11R1								

The connection terminal for anti-condensation heater is 1HE1 and 1HE2.

Remark:

- 1.Motor winding temperature protection,PTC,PT100,advise temperature alarming 145 $^{\circ}$ C or tripping function 155 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2.Motor bearing temperature protection,PT100,advise temperature alarming 95 $^{\circ}$ C or tripping function 105 $^{\circ}$ C.

When delivered, the thread holes on terminal box are sealed with qualified plugs. After connection, unused holes shall remain sealed. Grounding points inside terminal box and on frame outside surface must be reliable grounded.

3.5 Checking after connection

Check following items after connection:

- Electric connection is completed according to previous instruction and tightened with proper torque.
- Electric clearance between non-insulated parts.
- · No remaining wires.
- Connection is made so as the motor will rotate on correct direction.
- Keep terminal box inside clean, no foreign parts or objects remain.
- All sealing parts and joint surfaces must keep clean, and without damage.
- Unused cable entries must keep sealed.
- All grounding points are well connected.

4 Start-up

4.1 Checking before start-up

After installation and connection, check following items before commissioning:

- · Motor is not damaged.
- Motor is installed and aligned as needed; driven elements are correctly balanced and assembled.
- All fasteners and connection parts are tightened.

- Motor's working conditions are allowed according to requirements, for example hazardous area category, IP protection level, ambient temperature.
- Moving parts, like couplings, can rotate freely.
- All active parts and live parts are protected.

4.2 Test run

Carry out a test run after installation:

- (1) Start up the motor without load; check rotation direction.
- (2) If motor runs normally, then connect load.
- (3) Check and record following data:
 - Check noise and vibration during motor running.
 - Record voltage, current, and power.
 - Use available equipment to measure temperature in bearings and windings.
- (4) If motor runs unstably or makes abnormal noise, switch off immediately. And try to determine the problem during motor's slowing down:
 - If noise or vibration obviously becomes better, the problem could be of electromagnetic issues.
 - If noise or vibration does not change, the problem could be of mechanical issues. Possible causes include unbalance, misalignment, and resonance.
- (5) If the motor is equipped with separately driven fan, this separately fan rotation direction should be checked during test run.

5 Operation and maintenance

5.1 Safety information during operation

Danger

Dangerous voltage

Damage, serious injury, or death may occur

Electric machines have dangerous voltage, if contact machine surface, terminals, or other positions, dangers may occur.

Warning

Malfunctions during operation

Abnormal situation indicates that there may be malfunctions on the motor. These may cause damage, serious injury, or death. Please take care of following situations:

Higher power consumption than usual

- Higher temperature than usual
- Abnormal noise
- Abnormal vibration
- Abnormal smells
- Response from monitoring devices

Note

Motor damage or short bearing lifetime

- Please absolutely maintain the permissible vibration, avoid unstable environment or impact. Thus to prevent bearings from damage.
- Do not exceed the permissible axial and radial load values in catalogue.
- When powered by converter, take measures to reduce bearing current.

Note

Corrosion risks resulting from condensation

The changing of motor temperature or ambient temperature may cause condensation inside the motor. If the motor is equipped with anti-condensation heater, please make sure the heater is powered on when the motor is switched off.

Note

Motor over-heating

If the motor is equipped with anti-condensation heater, please make sure the heater is switched off before starting the motor.

5.2 Operation

If possible, please start the motor without load and check noise. Use available equipment to check motor's temperature and vibration.

Note

Overload of motor direct-on-line

In addition to the load torque, motor's starting time is also influenced by moment inertial. When starting up, the current can be several times of rated current. This can result to overheating and damage. So please take care of following items when starting up:

- Please comply with the limit values and conditions defined in catalogue and technical documents.
- Monitor the ramp-up time every time to check whether abnormal issue happens.

If the motor is equipped with separately driven fan, do not switch off this fan immediately when motor is powered off. Please wait for the motor to cool down. This can prevent the accumulation of residual heat.

For long-time stoppage (over 1 month), run the machine once a month, or at least turn the rotor.

If the motor is stopped for over 12 month, please take proper measures of anti-corrosion, package, and drying; thus to prevent the motor from damage. Before starting again, please go through the checking and test run steps in Chapter 5.

5.3 Inspection and maintenance

Danger

Explosion hazards from static-electricity

Damage, serious injury, or death may occur.

When cleaning, non-metal parts may generate static-electricity and ignite explosive substances. This may cause explosion.

- Do not execute cleaning in explosive atmosphere.
- Avoid static accumulation when cleaning non-metal parts.
- · Do not use compressed air for cleaning.
- The motor shall avoid the ignition hazard caused by electrostatic charge during normal use, maintenance and cleaning, and shall be wiped with a damp cloth when cleaning in an explosive environment.

After new motor's 500-hour-operation or 1-year-after-installation, please make the first time inspection:

- Whether rated electrical characteristics still remain.
- Whether bearings' temperature is still in permissible scope.
- Whether motor runs steady and smoothly.
- Whether there is crevice or deform of installation foundation.

According to the system, other items may also need to check.

After every 16000-hour-operation or 2-years-after-inspection, please make the following regular inspection:

- Whether rated electrical characteristics still remain.
- Whether bearings' temperature is still in permissible scope.
- Whether motor runs steady and smoothly.
- Whether there is crevice or deform of installation foundation.
- Whether alignment is still in valid tolerance.
- Whether all fasteners and connections are tightened.
- Whether all equipotential, grounding, and shield connections are connected and in contact.
- Whether the winding's insulation resistance is enough.
- Whether cables, sealing and insulations are in good status, without discoloring.

When the motor undertakes the maximum allowed loads stated in catalogue, the guaranteed bearing life is at least 20000h. If the motor operates without load on shaft extension, the bearing life is at least 40000h. Please re-grease bearings according to the grease type, grease quantity, and intervals instructed on nameplate or technical documents. When adding grease, please rotate motor's rotor so new grease can distribute inside bearings. In order to avoid adding too much grease, please remove old grease chamber plug before adding grease. After adding new grease, run the motor for a while; make sure there is no more grease flowing out from grease disposal opening, then close the plug.

For Ex motors with marking "X" in certification number, repairing can only be taken according to manufacturers' instructions.

Unauthorized changes or modifications to the motor are forbidden and will break the warranty.

6 Disposal

Protecting the environment and preserving its resources are corporate goals of the highest priority for us. Our worldwide environmental management system to ISO 14001 ensures compliance with legislation and sets high standards in this regard. Environmentally friendly design, technical safety and health protection are always firm goals even at the product development stage.

Recommendations for the environmentally friendly disposal of the machine and its components are given in the following section. Be sure to comply with local disposal regulations.

Country-specific legislation



The machine uses materials that can be recovered or recycled. Correctly separating materials helps to simply recycle important materials.

- When disposing of the machine or of waste that is created during the individual phases of its life cycle, please observe the statutory requirements applicable in the country of use.
- Please contact your local authorities for more information about disposal.

6.1 RoHS - restricting the use of certain hazardous substances

In compliance with RoHS ("Restriction of certain Hazardous Substances") we replace substances that are damaging to the environment by those that are not based on state-of-the-art technology. In doing so, safety in operation and handling will take priority at all times.

6.2 Information according to Article 33 of the REACH regulation

This product contains one or several subproducts in which the following substance –belonging to the "list of candidates" – exists in a concentration exceeding 0.1 percent by weight.

• CAS No. 7439-92-1, lead

Based on the currently available information, we assume that this substance does not represent any risk when correctly used, including its disposal.

6.3 Preparing for disassembly

Disassembly of the machine must be carried out and/or supervised by qualified personnel with appropriate expert knowledge.

- 1. Contact a certified waste disposal organization in your vicinity. Clarify what is expected in terms of the quality of dismantling the machine and provision of the components.
- 2. Follow the five safety rules (Page 12).
- Disconnect all electrical connections and remove all cables.
- 4. Remove all liquids such as oil and cooling liquids. Collect the liquids separately and dispose of them in a professional manner.
- 5. Detach the machine fixings.
- 6. Transport the machine to a suitable location for disassembly.

6.4 Dismantling the machine

Dismantle the machine using the general procedures commonly used in mechanical engineering.



Machine parts can fall

The machine is made up of heavy parts. These parts are liable to fall during dismantling. This can result in death, serious injury or material damage.

· Before you release any machine parts, secure them so that they cannot fall.

6.5 Disposal of components

Components

The machines consist mainly of steel and various proportions of copper and aluminum. Metals are generally considered to be unlimitedly recyclable.

Sort the components for recycling according to whether they are:

- Iron and steel
- Aluminum
- Non-ferrous metal, e.g. windings
 The winding insulation is incinerated during copper recycling.
- Insulating materials
- · Cables and wires
- Flectronic waste

Process materials and chemicals

Sort the process materials and chemicals for recycling according to whether they are for example:

- Oil
- Grease
- Cleaning substances and solvents
- · Paint residues
- · Anti-corrosion agent
- Coolant additives such as inhibitors, antifreeze or biocides

Dispose of the separated components according to local regulations or via a specialist disposal company. The same applies for cloths and cleaning substances which have been used while working on the machine.

Packaging material

- If necessary, contact a suitable specialist disposal company.
- Wooden packaging for sea transport consists of impregnated wood. Observe the local regulations.
- The foil used for water-proof packaging is an aluminum composite foil. It can be recycled thermally. Dirty foil must be disposed of via waste incineration.

贝得电机的服务范围仅限中国大陆地区 The service area of Beide motor is in China mainland

本公司产品服务由当前服务商或售后服务部负责
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